were not freely availed of by the raiyats. The question of the future policy to be adopted in regard to the continuance of the scheme is under examination.

15. *Amelioration of Depressed Classes.*—The question of amelioration of the condition of depressed classes continued to receive the attention of the department. In addition to nine special officers for depressed classes, a special Organiser for attending to the needs of the Banajara people in Shimoga and Chitaldrug Districts was appointed with Headquarters at Shimoga. On the suggestion of the Central Depressed Class Committee, a special scheme for amelioration of the depressed classes under several objects was initiated with an allotment of Rs. 75,000 for the year, which has been raised to Rs. 2 lakhs for 1945-46.

Separate village extensions for Adikarnatakas are being formed where necessary and possible. The Village Panchayets are being encouraged to contribute liberally from their funds for the acquisition of lands for this purpose.

In 1,998 villages, separate drinking water wells for depressed classes were provided up to the end of June 1945.

16. *Tours and Inspections.*—The Revenue Commissioner toured for 103 days and inspected besides 20 Muzrai Institutions, all the District Offices, 10 Sub-Division Offices and 18 Taluk Offices. All the Deputy Commissioners toured for the required number of days. The Deputy Commissioners of Kadur and Shimoga toured for the largest number of days, *viz.*, 187 days, while the Deputy Commissioner, Tumkur, toured the least number of days, *viz.*, 134. The Deputy Commissioners of Bangalore and Chitaldrug Districts inspected the largest number of villages, *viz.*, 773 and 555, respectively, and the Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District, the least, *viz.*, 130. The inspection of interior villages certainly admits of improvement. All the Sub-Division Officers toured for the prescribed minimum days. The number of villages (road side and interior) inspected by the Sub-Division Officer, Chikballapur, was the largest being 1,395 while the least number, *viz.*, 190 was inspected by the Sub-Division Officer, Mandya.

The working of the department during the year was generally satisfactory.

J. B. MALLARADHYA, *Rev. Secy*

Reviews the Administration Report of the Department of Sericulture for 1944-45.

READ—

Report on the working of the Sericultural Department during the year 1944-45, from the Superintendent of Sericulture, with his letter No. 255, dated 8th December 1945.

ORDER NO. D. 6627-39—SERI. 140-45-3, DATED BANGALORE, THE 27TH FEBRUARY 1946.

1. Recorded.

2. *Market Condition of Silk Industry.*—The price of standard quality cocoons yielding a renditta of 18·1 was fixed at Re. 1-1-0 a lb. during June 1944. This price was revised from time to time on the basis of the cost of living index and it was raised to Re. 1-2-9 per lb. during June 1945.

3. *Expansion of Mulberry Cultivation.*—The area under mulberry in the State stood at nearly 71,000 acres during the year 1944-45. Expansion of area under mulberry had to be regulated to ensure that the area under the staple food crops is not reduced. Groundnut-cake powder became popular as manure and arrangements were made to supply this powder to the sericulturists.

4. *Research Experiments and Propaganda.*—The Harijan sericultural colonies at Chikammanagudde, Channapatna Taluk, Alakere, Bilidevalaya and Hasige Kavalu did good work and supplied good Mysore race seed cocoons and disease-free layings. The mulberry gardens in these colonies were maintained in good condition. Seed campaign work was newly started in Kestur area, Maddur Taluk, during the year with a view to coping with the increasing demand for Mysore seed cocoons.

Mysore seed cocoons were taken up for use in Kollegal area of the Madras Presidency. Silk worm eggs of pure univoltine and bivoltine continued to be reared, yielding good results. To ensure good supply of hill reared races of these varieties, it is proposed to start a hill station on the K. R. Hills, Tarikere Taluk.

Sericultural education received good attention. Among the students under training in the Government Central Farms at the end of the year under report, one came from Nepal and another from Ceylon. Intensive work was done in the Sericultural villages of the Rural Welfare Centres at Closepet and Dodballapur.

The Silk Conditioning and Testing House at Channapatna.—The building for silk conditioning and testing house was nearly completed at Channapatna. All the filature raw silk supplied to the Government of India by the Filatures was tested in the Silk Testing Section of the House.

Special Features during the year under Report.—(*a*) The scheme of the filature expansion which was undertaken at the instance of the Government of India continued during the year.

(*b*) The control orders, *viz.*, the Mysore Cocoon Control Order of 1943 and the Mysore Silk Control Order of 1943 continued to operate and the former helped in steadying the prices of reeling cocoons. Under the scheme of distribution of the surplus realised from the sale of silk in auctions under the Silk Control Order, the rearers who sold their cocoons through the Government cocoon markets received from about three annas to about six annas and nine pies a pound in addition to the basic price.

J. B. MALLARADHYA, *Rev. Secy.*

EDUCATION SECRETARIAT

Sanctions the proposals of the Director of Public Instruction for opening of New Range Offices in connection with the enforcement of compulsory Attendance Scheme during the year 1945-46.

READ—

Government Order No. E. 415 26—Edn. 139 44-2, dated 28th July 1945, passing orders on the proposals of the Director of Public Instruction in Mysore, to implement the provisions of the Scheme of Compulsory Attendance under the Elementary Education Amendment Act, 1944, the proposals being given effect to from the school-year 1945-46, beginning with one taluk in each district, as detailed below during the year :—

1.	Bangalore North Taluk.	6.	Shimoga Taluk.
2.	Mandya ,,	7.	Chitaldrug ,,
3.	Mysore ,,	8.	Tumkur ,,
4.	Hassan ,,	9.	Kolar ,,
5.	Chikmagalur ,,		

2. Letter No. P4. 839-35—44-45, dated 30th November 1945, from the Director of Public Instruction in Mysore, regarding the extra cost required for starting 30 additional Range Offices for the enforcement of Compulsory Attendance Scheme during the current year (1945-46) and the jurisdiction of the Assistant Inspectors in charge of them.

ORDER NO. E. 4921-32—EDN. 103-45-3, DATED BANGALORE, THE 21ST FEBRUARY 1946.

The Director of Public Instruction in Mysore states that a recurring cost of only Rs. 43,200 per annum has been sanctioned in the Government Order read above, on the basis of the appointment of 30 Assistant Inspectors of Education at an average cost of Rs. 60 each per mensem and their staff, peons and committees at Rs. 60 per mensem, although the actual cost required in respect of all these, except the committees, as per standard scales detailed in the two statements numbers 1 and 2 appended hereto would be Rs. 72,294 per annum recurring and Rs. 24,600 per annum non-recurring for equipment and transmission of records. It is stated that a sum of Rs. 9,720 per annum, as detailed in Statement No. 3, would also be required for payment of contingent grant to 1,584 Village Panchayets in the nine taluks at annas 8 per mensem per Village Panchayet and to nine municipalities in these nine taluks at Rs. 2 per mensem per municipality. The extra provision required over and above that sanctioned in the Government Order read above is Rs. 38,814 per annum recurring and Rs. 24,600 non-recurring, as detailed below. The Director requests sanction for this extra provision in connection with the formation of 30 Additional ranges—27 Kannada and 3 Urdu—as shown in the Statements A and B, the cost during the current year being met out of the probable savings in the departmental budget and necessary

provision being made in the budgets of the next and subsequent years.

		Rs.	
A. Recurring —			
1. For Assistant Inspectors' Offices	...	72,294	per annum.
2. For contingent grant to Village Panchayets and Municipalities functioning as attendance committees	...	9,720	,,
Total	...	82,014	,,
Provision already sanctioned	...	43,200	,,
Extra provision required	...	38,814	,,
B. Non-recurring	...	24,600	,,

Government consider that the house rent of Rs. 15 per mensem proposed to each of the offices of the Assistant Inspectors is high and that the same be fixed at Rs. 10 per mensem each. Again as the jurisdiction of each Assistant Inspector of Education is only two hoblis, a fixed travelling allowance of Rs. 25 per mensem, instead of Rs. 40 per mensem is sanctioned to each of these offices. With the above modifications, the proposals of the Director of Public Instruction in Mysore are sanctioned. The cost required this year will be met from the sanctioned grants of the department and necessary provision will be made in the budgets of the subsequent years.

As regards the headquarters of the new ranges and the area covered by each, the Director has forwarded Statement A which indicates 27 places where the new Kannada ranges have to come into existence in addition to the existing nine ranges in all the nine selected taluks and Statement B which shows where the three new Urdu ranges have to be started. The jurisdiction of all the Kannada Assistant Inspectors is limited to one or two hoblis at the most with about 40 schools on an average per range. The Director states that on account of the difficulty of securing suitable men for appointment as Assistant Inspectors and suitable buildings for Range Offices and also on account of the fact that seven places in Statement A have too small a number of schools to justify the formation of a range in each of those places, just at present, action will be taken now to open only 20 new Kannada Ranges in addition to nine old Kannada Ranges as detailed in Statement C and three new Urdu Ranges as in Statement B, the remaining seven ranges being started as more and more schools are given to those areas and the number of schools comes to about 40 in each range and requests approval to the distribution of the ranges, as in Statements A and B and sanction for the opening of the Range Offices as indicated in Statements B and C to start with. These proposals of the Director of Public Instruction are also approved.

N. S. HIRANNAYYA, *Edn. Secy.*

ANNEXURE.

STATEMENT 1.

Calculation of average cost for starting an Assistant Inspector's Office (Kannada).

Recurring cost—			
1 Assistant Inspector on	Rs. 35—100	Rs. 69 2/3	p. m.
1 Clerk on	,, 25	,, 25	
1 Do	,, 20	,, 20	
1 Peon on	,, 10	,, 10	
1 Do	,, 9	,, 9	
Contingency	...	,, 3	
House rent	...	,, 15	
Scavenging allowance	...	As. 8	
F. T. A. to Assistant Inspector		Rs. 40	
T. A. to the staff of the Assistant Inspector.		,, 6	
Total		,, 198 1/6	p. m.
or 198 1/6 × 12	...	Rs. 2,378	p. a.
Special library grant per year	...	,, 10	
Total recurring cost per year		,, 2,388	
For starting 27 Kannada new Assistant Inspector's Offices.		Rs. 64,476	0 0
Add S.L.A. for starting seven Malnad Ranges at Rs. 3-1-0 for each range office per month Rs. 3-1-0×7×12		,, 257	4 0
Grand Total	...	,, 64,733	4 0

STATEMENT 2.

Calculation of average cost for starting an Assistant Inspector's Office (Urdu).

Recurring cost—			
1 Assistant Inspector on	Rs. 35— 100	Rs. 69 2/3	p. m.
1 Clerk on	,, 25	,, 25	
1 Do	,, 20	,, 20	
1 Peon on	,, 10	,, 10	
1 Do	,, 9	,, 9	
Contingency	...	,, 3	
Scavenging allowance	...	As. 8	
F. T. A. to the Assistant Inspector		Rs. 50	
T. A. to the staff	...	,, 6	
House rent	...	,, 15	
Total		,, 208 1/6	p. m.
or Rs. 208 1/6 × 12 =		Rs. 2,498	p. a.
Special library grant for year		Rs. 10	p. a.
Total recurring cost per year		,, 2,508	0 0
Therefore, for starting three Urdu new Range Offices at Kolar, Tumkur and Shimoga Districts per year.		,, 7,524	0 0
Add S.L.A. for starting new Urdu Range Office, Shimoga District, at Rs. 3-1-0 per mensem (I clerk Rs. 1-9-0, II clerk Rs. 1-8-0).		,, 36	12 0
Grand Total		,, 7,560	12 0
Non-recurring charges for all the 30 new Range Offices (both Kannada and Urdu).		...	
For equipment at Rs. 800 each or Rs. 800 × 30 = Rs. 24,000.		,, 24,000	0 0
For transmission of records from old ranges at Rs. 20 per Range Office, or Rs. 20×30.		,, 600	0 0
Total		,, 24,600	0 0

STATEMENT 3.

Statement showing the recurring cost required (under contingency) for the attendance committee in village and municipal areas at Re. 0-8-0 and Rs. 2-0-0 per mensem, respectively.

		Rs.
(*a*) For 1,584 Village Panchayets in the nine selected taluks at Re. 0-8-0 per month. (It was unofficially ascertained from the Revenue Commissioner's Office that there were 1,584 Village Panchayets in the nine selected taluks in October 1944) ($\frac{1}{2}$×1584×12=Rs. 9,504)	... ...	9,504
(*b*) For nine attendance committees in the nine municipal area at Rs. 2-0-0 per mensem (2×9×12=Rs. 216).	... ...	216
Total	...	9,720